

The Carlsbad Current

THIRTIETH YEAR

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1922.

NUMBER 44

JONES AND HINKLE SPEAK TO BIG CROWD

Senator A. A. Jones, J. F. Hinkle and Judge Sam Bratton were in Carlsbad Friday night of last week and were greeted by the largest audience of citizens ever assembled on a similar occasion, in the history of Carlsbad. The hall was packed with people, who listened attentively to the speakers and what was better, remained until the close of the speeches. The remark has frequently been heard on the streets and in the business houses since that time, that "votes were made for the Democratic ticket," by the able presentations of the issues of the day by these prominent men.

Seated on the platform, beside the speakers were J. R. Linn, Judge Fred E. Wilson, Judge J. W. Armstrong. To J. R. Linn fell the pleasant duty of introducing Judge Sam Bratton, of Clovis, candidate for a position on the Bench of the Supreme Court of the State. Judge Bratton was greeted with tremendous applause as he was introduced. He refrained from making a speech, however, as he said both he and his opponent had agreed not to make any speeches during the campaign. He said, however, that he was glad to come to Eddy county, as he had many pleasant memories of courtesies and kindnesses shown to him on former occasions. Regardless of politics, he said his county had many things in common with the citizens of Eddy county.

Judge Armstrong, in introducing James F. Hinkle, candidate for governor, was very happy in his remarks, saying among other things, that the name of Hinkle was a household word in this part of the state and speaking in highest terms of the gentleman whom he presented to the large audience and who was greeted with applause. Mr. Hinkle said that the difference between himself and his opponent was that his opponent did not make any speech, and he, himself, not much of one. He alluded to his tour through the state as a show and said that a show every night was "going some" or a cow-puncher.

Mr. Hinkle stated that matters were growing worse instead of better in the state, that taxes had increased \$5,000,000 in the last three years, despite republican promises of economy. He cited the case of Chavez county and said this county is in about the same condition. He went at some length into the question of roads and schools, declaring at the outset that no one was a stronger advocate of both than himself. "So don't go out and tell anyone that I am against them," he warned.

He said that during the campaign trip the party generally had good roads when "off the highways." He said he estimated that 40 to 125 per cent of the state and U. S. money was spent before any dirt was ever moved. "One project down our way," he said, "has been surveyed five times and they are still surveying it. In Roosevelt county they built a road through a 15-foot lake at a cost of \$25,000, when \$500 would have built a mile detour. The \$25,000 is in the lake and the people are going around. They spent \$15,000, trying to change the course of the Pecos river, when they could have built a half mile of road for \$500 instead. And the Pecos washed out the road."

In regard to the school book trouble he had investigated and found that school books which cost \$10.85 in New Mexico can be bought in Texas for \$4.85. The school money is being wasted and schools are suffering in consequence.

He spoke of the penitentiary scandal and paid his respects to the persons responsible in no unmeasured terms. The insane asylum is costing too much for its maintenance. This year with 264 patients it cost \$164,000; while in 1920 with 385 inmates it only cost about \$60,000. He said that Pankey's friends have gotten their arms into the treasury up to their arm pits. He has been told that he can do nothing if elected, toward reducing taxes, but he can at least pull their arms out. The republicans act as if they had the state rented. They remind him of the two cowboys who had hired a boat, and when they got in the middle of the stream the boat began to sink, and one called the attention of the other to the fact that it was half full of water, to which the first one replied: "What the hell do we care. It sint our boat."

He said the women of the state seem to be taking more interest in the election than the men and urged every one to get out the vote in the entire valley. He said if elected he would not ask first whether a man was a republican or democrat but whether he was honest and efficient. He if elected, will be governor of all the people of the state, and not any particular section.

It is not at all necessary to side-step the fellow with a chip on his shoulder. He'll be careful not to let you jostle it off.

"Good faith—to whom and with whom? I have never yet pledged my faith to the manufacturers of Connecticut and I never will. My faith is pledged to the state of New Mexico and I have kept that faith. So long as I bear your commission in the United States Senate, so long as God gives me life I will serve you."

In these ringing words, in a clarion voice that made the walls ring, while a storm of applause shook the Crawford theatre, United States Senator A. A. Jones concluded paying his respects to his opponent in the senatorial race, Stephen B. Davis, Jr., the Republican nominee. Toward the end of a lengthy speech on the big issues of the campaign, Mr. Jones took out a clipping of a political advertisement signed by Mr. Davis which recently appeared in several newspapers in the state. What he did to the manifesto therein contained fairly thrilled the crowd. Incidentally it was a crowd which packed the theatre to its fullest capacity.

THE Davis Argument Which Brought Forth Answer

"New Mexico must have a protective tariff on her wool and other products."

"Other states need protection for their products, agricultural, mineral and manufactured."

"Republicans believe in protection for all who need it. What is fair for one is fair for another."

"There are democrats, judging by their votes, who believe in a tariff for the products of their own states, but not for other states."

"This is wrong in principle, for it represents the height of selfishness. It is bad in practice, for no tariff can be written on such a basis. A foolish man might take such a position in good faith, but these democrats are not fools."

"We cannot have a protective tariff for New Mexico and no protection for the rest of the country."

Finds It Interesting.

"This advertisement of my congressional friend from Las Vegas," said Mr. Jones, "presents three interesting propositions. He says there must be protection for all states, but he doesn't insist any one state should need such protection."

"He would have voted for the bill notwithstanding that it reduced duties on agricultural products and increased the tariff on manufactured products even if they were selling at twice retail war prices. He would support the tariff bill as a whole without inquiry. He would not call on the manufacturer to tell whether he needed protection or not; to find out if his overhead were not too high; to find whether or not the manufacturer was charging extortionate prices and monopolizing the market."

"Week after week I sat in the finance committee of the senate and listened to the pleadings of manufacturers; and not one had a cost sheet with him. There was no attempt to find out what profits were being made. They made their demands without any showing of facts and they were generally granted without investigation."

"He who gets must give," says my opponent. Think of applying that principle to legislation. The speaker here told a story of Senator McElin of New England, who insisted on protection for manufacturers of sheep shears, after the wool growers "got what they wanted."

"If we are going to get legislation on that basis," thundered Mr. Jones, "then for God's sake send somebody there who will get something for you in that fashion. This ad, speaks of 'selfishness.' Let us look at the selfishness of those manufacturers who for over a hundred years have been levying tribute on the rest of the country until New York has a quarter of the wealth, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts, one eighth each. And then a man from New Mexico criticizes one of her citizens because he was not willing to give everything to this man's native state of Connecticut, and get nothing in return."

Mr. Jones, devoting half of his address to the soldiers' bonus bill, as usual, went into the question of national finances and the tariff a considerable length. As usual his arguments were clear, cogent and forcibly presented while the tariff is to many an abstruse subject, he got down to words of one syllable and held the close attention of every auditor. Paying a personal tribute to every member of the senate finance committee, especially the six who have died since he entered it, Mr. Jones emphasized the fact that political differences did not mar the close personal friendship among the members. He mentioned briefly Billy Hughes of New Jersey, Ollie James of Kentucky, the lovable Gallinger, nestor of the senate; Stone of Missouri, and Penrose of Pennsylvania, who, he said, had been gentle and attractive side in private life and was a man of good impulses.

"In 1921," said Mr. Jones, "the Republican party was in full control of the senate. Party poli-



UNITED STATES SENATOR A. A. JONES.

tics began to ferment. And if there has been any prosperity animal running around loose in New Mexico as a result, I have failed to see it. The majority framed a new revenue law, lowering the taxes of the best able to pay and raising them for those least able to pay. Prices of manufactured products went up and of farm products down. In some cases the former rose 72 per cent higher than war prices. Just exceeding this. The farm bloc got exceeded this. The farm bloc got through a tariff levying a 15-cent duty on wool in grease and 45 cents on scoured. The emergency tariff law put a tariff on meat and wheat and everything produced in New Mexico. At my suggestion, the emergency law was made permanent. My judgment has been all along that wool is the only product whose price was advanced by reason of a tariff. The country produces only half the wool it uses. The price of local wool rises to that of foreign wool plus the duty. This can never be so of a product produced in surplus here. There can be no such thing as a protective tariff for such products.

"The surplus must find a market abroad, the price equal to that here plus enough more to get it to the foreign market. That was the situation a year ago. The farmer's dollar was and is worth only 67 cents in buying manufactured products. The foreign market for surplus farm products was partly destroyed. When the war closed we still extended credit abroad on a vast scale. Since the war exports have exceeded imports by ten billions. Other nations of the earth are indebted to us in the inconceivable sum of 17 billions. I ask any merchant how long he could keep on extending credit and getting no pay. How soon would he go broke? That is our fix nationally. The market for our surplus products offers a price below cost of production. If the farmer's surplus, sold abroad, is only to be paid for by exchange of products by putting higher duties on the foreign goods, exchange is impeded and finally stopped."

"Manufacturers Didn't Need It. The manufacturer didn't need more protection. There was no flood of imports. And they sell their goods abroad cheaper than in America. DID YOU WANT ME TO HELP MAKE THE FARMER AND CONSUMER OF THIS STATE PAY MORE FOR THE THINGS THEY BUY?"

"Many Republicans took the same view of it as I did. Hardly one big metropolitan newspaper supported the new tariff bill. The New York Herald and Tribune, the Chicago Tribune, the Kansas City Star, the Boston Transcript and others condemned it more severely than I am doing tonight. Has Given New Mexico Matters Close Attention. The six years of my service in the senate have been as important years as any similar period in our history. Over 2,000 bills have passed the senate, with innumerable amendments. The tariff bill alone had over 3,000 amendments. The senate was more continuously in session than in any preceding six years. I always have had to have three or four clerks in my office to handle the business. It is impossible to estimate the tremendous number of matters in which New Mexico is vitally interested at Washington, every day. There has, however, never been a communication

of any New Mexico matter—great or small—but which received prompt attention, with such result as could reasonably be expected. There has never been on my part any discrimination whatever between New Mexico citizens, whether they be high or low, Democrats or Republicans—all have received from me the same careful and conscientious attention."

"The Republicans lowered the tariff on wool. A hundred million pounds of foreign wool has been in Boston waiting for lowered duties. Supposing it comes in now, with the new tariff reducing the duty on scoured wool to 31 cents! No other product of New Mexico will receive benefit from the tariff. With a reduced tariff on wheat, benefits to the New Mexico farmer are reduced. The duties on manufactured products are higher than ever before in history. You remember the obnoxious Payne-Aldrich tariff law, so obnoxious that in 1910 the people rose in righteous indignation and turned the republican majority out of power."

"My prediction is that this new tariff bill is so obnoxious, so uneconomical, so detrimental to the interests of the people, that on November 7th the people will again rise up in righteous indignation and turn out of power the Republican majority in congress which is responsible for its enactment."

El Paso, Oct. 24.—Realizing the necessity for grazing for thousands of cattle and sheep in the drought stricken region of the southwest, David S. Russek, Chihuahua City financier, late yesterday announced that he had leased for two years the grazing rights on the vast Terrazas estates in Chihuahua and that he would have 5,000,000 acres of good grass at immediate disposal.

Sam Moskine returned from a trip to Amarillo, this week, going there to see about cars for shipping his sheep, and on other business. He says it is dry there the same as it is here, only worse, and that every body is talking hard times.

L. A. Swigart returned the first of the week from a two weeks stay at Akron, Ohio. He was accompanied from there by his mother, who will stay with relatives here for most if not all of the winter.

If you want to rent that vacant building, the rent collected, and prompt settlement made, list with J. M. Pardue, James Building.

The Senior Class, of Carlsbad High School, went out kodaking last Tuesday afternoon, three cars being used to carry the members of the class and their chaperones. The pictures, or those which are suitable are to be used in the annual, "The Echo."

Mrs. Rom Holt entertained three tables of bridge players at her home yesterday, honoring Mrs. Halley's visitors. Mrs. John Barber made high score and received a souvenir of the occasion, and the honor guests received guest prizes.

Mrs. Willoughby Hegler and two daughters came in to Carlsbad the first of the week from their ranch home at Frijoles. Mr. Hegler is not expected home from his trip to Arizona for another week.

Harry Thorne was down from Roswell the first of the week and was accompanied on the return trip by Mrs. R. M. Thorne who will make a visit with friends there expecting to return today.

SCHOOL NOTES

The Juniors entertained the Seniors last Friday evening with a very enjoyable hay ride to the lower six mile dam. Mesdames Snow and Campbell and Misses Cooper, Yancey and Graham acted as chaperones. Venies were roasted over a camp fire and other picnic dainties were enjoyed.

Kodaking for the annual consumed all of Tuesday afternoon (much to the joy of the seniors.) Students with cars took the jolly seniors out to Rocky and many good snap-shots were taken, Miss Cooper and about thirty-four seniors made up the crowd.

The address delivered by Rev. Douglas to the student body Wednesday had to do with the life of Benjamin Franklin. He gave some rules of Franklin's which each one who heard should follow.

The order for class rings and pins was placed with The Corner Drug Store, the first of this week. The Class of '23 is the first class in many years who has ordered through a local dealer.

Miss Ruth G. Tallor, State Superintendent of Home Economics, who failed to arrive on Friday was a visitor to Carlsbad Schools Monday.

Burlap has been put on the walls in the halls of the Grammar School for the display of work done by the different grades. Next week a special program will be given at which time Judge Brice of Roswell will speak.

COMPETITION BRINGS PRICE OF COTTON SEED UP

C. W. Beeman of the Otis Gin & Warehouse Co. of Loving, N. Mex., was a pleasant visitor at the Enterprise office this week. He was here in the interest of his company who are buying and crushing cotton seed from our gins in this part of Texas. Mr. Beeman was on his way to that part of the Rio Grande Valley below El Paso, where he hopes to purchase seed for his crusher.

Heretofore all our seed was shipped to El Paso (that is since the pink boll worm was found here and the El Paso crusher was the only place we were allowed to ship our seed. Since that was the case and we had no alternative but to ship and sell to this market the price paid by them for our seed was much below the market price and the price paid for other seed—indeed, we received for our cotton seed only half as much as was paid in other parts of the state. Since the gins in this part of the country have put in sterilizers we are allowed to ship our seed to other points than El Paso and the competition has caused the price of our seed to increase materially in value.

According to Mr. Beeman, the El Paso crusher proposed to his firm that they stay out of this territory and allow the El Paso firm to continue to buy from us at whatever price they wished to pay and that they (the El Paso firm) would stay out of the territory of the Lovings concern. This Mr. Beeman refused to do and now there is competition all along the line and both firms are competing for seed here, in the upper Pecos Valley and also in the Rio Grande Valley.

Mr. Beeman informs the Enterprise that they have a three press mill capable of crushing fifty tons per day and that his firm has made arrangements whereby they can and will pay to our farmers the same price for seed as is paid for farmers of his immediate territory. Those seed growers of the Barstow country will also under this scheme receive the same price as do those of the Pecos territory. To do this Mr. Beeman's firm will pay the difference in the freight rates from the different points so that all farmers will get the same price for their seed, no matter where they live or ship from.

This is worth the consideration of our cotton growers and in the opinion of the Enterprise the New Mexico house should receive the greater portion of the seed since they have caused the price of seed to be brought up to what they are worth in other markets. At any rate it is worth investigating.—Pecos Enterprise.

Joseph Powell is expecting to return to Carlsbad this afternoon from a week's stay in Roswell, where he has been visiting with Rev. F. W. Pratt.

CANDIDATE FOR COMMISSIONER DISTRICT NO. 1, OF EDDY COUNTY

I hereby authorize my name to be placed before the voters of Eddy county, New Mexico, at the general election as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of District No. 1, on the Independent ticket. Your vote and support will be highly appreciated.

JOHN T. BOLTON.

CANDIDATE FOR SHERIFF OF EDDY COUNTY.

I hereby authorize my name to be placed before the voters of Eddy county, New Mexico, at the general election as a candidate for the office of sheriff on the Independent ticket. Your vote and support will be highly appreciated.

E. S. (NED) SHATTUCK, Artesia, N. M.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LUNCHEON

About forty members of the Chamber of Commerce sat down to the regular semi-monthly luncheon at the Crawford Hotel last Thursday at noon. The meeting was characterized by a "lot o' pep," and in several ways was different from those which had preceded it and was more interesting on that account. Rev. A. C. Douglas pronounced grace, and as soon as the members were seated story telling began. Frank Kindel led off in that line and about a dozen followed. The committee appointed to award the prize, for the best story, gave the box of cigars to Rev. A. C. Douglas, who accepted the same gracefully.

At the close of the luncheon, in accordance with the usual custom, a number of short talks were given by members and visitors, the first being by D. Jackson, president of the local Game Protective association, who spoke at some length about the picture which is to be put on at the Crawford Theatre next Monday night in addition to the regular film. This consists of five reels, showing the hunting of big game in various parts of the world, and is intensely interesting to all lovers of hunting. The object in showing this picture at this time is to awaken an interest on the part of our people in the propagating and protection of our game. Every citizen should be interested in this matter whether members of the Game Association or not. There is no doubt that we have excellent hunting and fishing and if this is looked after we can get our share of eastern travel. Last season four persons came in from Wichita, Kansas, and all purchased hunting licenses, and in addition, spent in the ten days they were here, about \$600 for supplies. The same is true of a party from Oklahoma, who were here two weeks and left \$800 here. In the last couple of years we have put in the Pecos over 40,000 quail and perch minnows. In conclusion Mr. Jackson urged every one to help the association by purchasing a ticket to the picture show next Monday.

Dr. Smullen the new dentist, who has only recently come to make his home among us, made a nice little talk, telling of his experience in his chosen profession, and closed by saying that he was more than pleased with his reception and will bring his family here very soon, and do all he can to beautify the city and the C. of C.

Mr. Muzzy spoke of the recent meeting at the Crawford where it took three chairmen to introduce three speakers, and said he was reminded of the chairman who desiring to wax eloquent, on a like occasion, alluded to the speaker who was to follow him, as a man, whose name was a household word in the community, and in the state and nation, and closed by leaning over and asking the gentleman what his name was. Afterward Mr. Muzzy told of the necessity of more "pep" in the management and meetings of the C. of C., not leaving the soliciting of new members to the president or the committees, but each man getting out and working to that end.

W. G. Donley, principal of Carlsbad schools, made a talk about our schools and their condition stating that the Board of Education had a few plans to introduce to the Chamber of Commerce, which he would not anticipate. Every thing is moving on in good shape at the schools. The enrollment in the high school in the last four years has increased from 110 to 197, in itself a good indication of progress. Although our appropriation has been cut down \$3,375, he believed that as we had been accumulating gradually in the bank, until we now have about \$7,000 ahead, they hope to be able to pay all warrants.

Judge Armstrong introduced a number of guests from El Paso, who made short talks, among them being Judge John F. Weeks, Dan La Roe, and C. W. Rodgers, the two named being men who are engaged in road building. A Mr. Corbin of Artesia was also present and made a short talk.

Frank Kindel suggested that our garage men secure a number of small metal tags having the name Carlsbad on them, for use on the front of the cars, thus advertising the town. A good suggestion. The meeting adjourned.

CANDIDATE FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER DISTRICT NO. 3, EDDY COUNTY.

I hereby authorize my name to be placed before the voters of Eddy county, New Mexico, at the general election as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner from District No. 3, on the Independent ticket. Your vote and support will be highly appreciated.

DEAN SMITH.

Arthur Ray, who has been in Carlsbad for a month or more, representing the publishing house of Collier brothers, left Sunday for Pecos, Texas, where he will continue his work. He tells us he was very successful in Carlsbad and has many nice things to say of the town and people.